

TPS54429E

SLVSAS0-FEBRUARY 2011

7V to 18V Input, 4.5-A Synchronous Step-Down SWIFT[™] Converter with Eco-Mode[™]

Check for Samples: TPS54429E

FEATURES

- D-CAP2[™] Mode Enables Fast Transient Response
- Low Output Ripple and Allows Ceramic Output Capacitor
- Wide V_{IN} Input Voltage Range: 7 V to 18 V
- Output Voltage Range: 0.76 V to 5.5 V
- **Highly Efficient Integrated FET's Optimized** for Lower Duty Cycle Applications - 63 m Ω (High Side) and 55 m Ω (Low Side)
- High Efficiency, less than 10 µA at shutdown
- High Initial Bandgap Reference Accuracy
- **Adjustable Soft Start**
- **Pre-Biased Soft Start**
- 700-kHz Switching Frequency (f_{sw})
- **Cycle By Cycle Over Current Limit**
- **Power Good Output**
- Auto-Skip Eco-mode[™] for High Efficiency at Light Load

APPLICATIONS

VIN

VOUT)

- Wide Range of Applications for Low Voltage System
 - Digital TV Power Supply
 - High Definition Blu-ray Disc[™] Players

U1

TPS54429E

SW

SW2

PC

VBS

VREG5

PGND1

11

12

PWRGD

6

8

9 PGND2

VIN2

VIN1

vn

VFR

EN

GND PwPd 15

13

1

2

4 SS

7

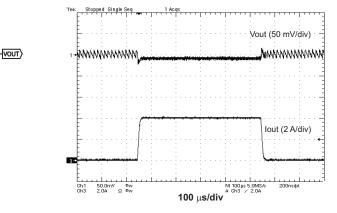
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EN)

- Networking Home Terminal
- Digital Set Top Box (STB)

DESCRIPTION

The TPS54429E is an adaptive on-time D-CAP2™ mode synchronous buck converter. The TPS54429E enables system designers to complete the suite of various end equipment's power bus regulators with a cost effective, low component count, low standby current solution. The main control loop for the TPS54429E uses the D-CAP2[™] mode control which provides a very fast transient response with no external compensation components. The adaptive on-time control supports seamless transition between PWM mode at higher load conditions and Eco-mode[™] operation at light loads. Eco-mode[™] allows the TPS54429E to maintain high efficiency during lighter load conditions. The TPS54429E also has a proprietary circuit that enables the device to adopt to both low equivalent series resistance (ESR) output capacitors, such as POSCAP, SP-CAP, and ultra-low ESR ceramic capacitors. The device operates from 7-V to 18-V VIN input. The output voltage can be programmed between 0.76V and 5.5V. The device also features an adjustable soft start time and a power good function. The TPS54429E is available in the 14-pin HTSSOP package and the 16 pin QFN package, designed to operate from -20°C to 85°C.





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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

T _A	PACKAGE ^{(2) (3)}	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	PIN	TRANSPORT MEDIA						
–20°C to 85°C	PowerPAD™	TPS54429EPWP	14	Tube						
	(HTSSOP) – PWP	TPS54429EPWPR	- 14	Tape and Reel						
	Direction Quark Flat Deals (QENI)	TPS54429ERSAT		Tape and Reel						
	Plastic Quad Flat Pack (QFN)	TPS54429ERSAR	16	Tape and Reel						

ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

(2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.

(3) All package options have Cu NIPDAU lead/ball finish.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

			VAI	LUE	UNIT
			MIN	MAX	
		V _{IN1} , V _{IN2} , EN	-0.3	20	
		V _{BST}	-0.3	26	
	Input voltage	V _{BST} (10 ns transient)	-0.3	28	
Vi	range	V _{FB} , V _O , SS, PG	-0.3	6.5	
		SW1, SW2	-2	20	V
		SW1, SW2 (10 ns transient)	-3	22	
	Output voltage	V _{REG5}	-0.3	6.5	
Vo	range	P _{GND1} , P _{GND2}	-0.3	0.3	
V _{diff}	Voltage from GN	D to POWERPAD	-0.2	0.2	
ESD	Electrostatic	Human Body Model (HBM)		2	kV
	discharge	Charged Device Model (CDM)		500	V
TJ	Operating junctio	n temperature	-20	150	*0
T _{stg}	Storage temperat	ture	-55	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

THERMAL INFORMATION

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	TPS	TPS54426				
		PWP (14) PINS	PWP (14) PINS RSA (16) PINS				
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	55.6	37.3				
θ _{JCtop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	51.3	42.5				
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	36.4	14.9	°C/W			
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.8	0.8	C/VV			
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	20.6	14.8				
θ_{JCbot}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	4.3	4.9				

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.





RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Supply input voltage range	7	18	V	
		VBST	-0.3	24	
		VBST (10 ns transient)	-0.3	27	
		SS, PG	-0.1	5.7	
	Input voltage range	EN	-0.1	18	λ.
VI		VO, VFB	-0.1	5.5	V
		SW1, SW2	-1.8	18	
		SW1, SW2 (10 ns transient)	-3	21	
		PGND1, PGND2	-0.1	0.1	
Vo	Output voltage range	VREG5	-0.1	5.7	V
lo	Output Current range	I _{VREG5}	0	10	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-20	85	°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature		-20	150	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over operating free-air temperature range, $V_{IN} = 12V$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY	CURRENT					
I _{VIN}	Operating - non-switching supply current	V_{IN} current, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, EN = 5 V, $V_{FB} = 0.8$ V		850	1300	μA
I _{VINSDN}	Shutdown supply current	V_{IN} current, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $EN = 0 V$		1.8	10	μA
LOGIC TI	HRESHOLD					
V _{ENH}	EN high-level input voltage	EN	2			V
V _{ENL}	EN low-level input voltage	EN			0.48	V
VFB VOL	TAGE AND DISCHARGE RESISTANCE	·				
		VFB voltage light load mode, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_O = 1.05$ V, $I_O = 10$ mA		771		
	V _{FB} threshold voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_O = 1.05$ V, continuous mode	757	765	773	
V _{FBTH}		$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to 85°C, $V_O = 1.05$ V, continuous mode ⁽¹⁾	753		777	mV
		$T_A = -20^{\circ}$ C to 85°C, $V_O = 1.05$ V, continuous mode ⁽¹⁾	751		779	
I_{VFB}	V _{FB} input current	$V_{FB} = 0.8 V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0	±0.1	μA
R _{Dischg}	V _O discharge resistance	$EN = 0 V, V_0 = 0.5 V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		50	100	Ω
V _{REG5} OU	JTPUT					
V _{VREG5}	V _{REG5} output voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 7 V < V_{IN} < 18 V,$ 0 < I _{VREG5} < 5 mA	5.3	5.5	5.7	V
V_{LN5}	Line regulation	7 V < V _{IN} < 18 V, I _{VREG5} = 5 mA			20	mV
V _{LD5}	Load regulation	0 mA < I _{VREG5} < 5 mA			100	mV
I _{VREG5}	Output current	$V_{IN} = 7 \text{ V}, V_{REG5} = 4 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		70		mA
MOSFET		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
R _{dsonh}	High side switch resistance	25°C, V _{BST} - SW1,2 = 5.5 V		63		mΩ
R _{dsonl}	Low side switch resistance	25°C		55		mΩ

(1) Not production tested.

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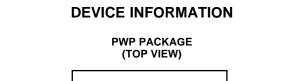
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

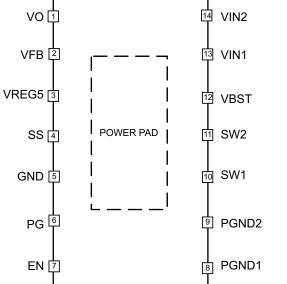
over operating free-air temperature range, V_{IN} = 12V (unless otherwise noted)

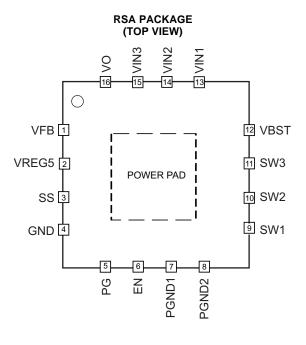
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
CURREN	T LIMIT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			
l _{ocl}	Current limit	L_{OUT} = 1.5 µH ⁽²⁾ , T _A = -20 °C to 85 °C	5.2	5.9	8.0	А
THERMA	L SHUTDOWN		L			
-	The second should be set the second should be	Shutdown temperature ⁽²⁾		165		°0
T _{SDN}	Thermal shutdown threshold	Hysteresis ⁽²⁾		30		°C
ON-TIME	TIMER CONTROL		L			
T _{ON}	On time	V _{IN} = 12 V, V _O = 1.05 V		145		ns
T _{OFF(MIN)}	Minimum off time	T _A = 25°C, V _{FB} = 0.7 V		260	310	ns
SOFT ST	ART	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L.			
I _{SSC}	SS charge current	$V_{SS} = 0 V$	1.4	2.0	2.6	μA
I _{SSD}	SS discharge current	V _{SS} = 0.5 V	0.1	0.2		mA
POWER	GOOD		ł			
	DO thread ald	V _{FB} rising (good)	85	90	95	%
V _{THPG}	PG threshold	V _{FB} falling (fault)		85		%
I _{PG}	PG sink current	PG = 0.5 V	2.5	5		mA
OUTPUT	UNDERVOLTAGE AND OVERVOLT	AGE PROTECTION	·			
V _{OVP}	Output OVP trip threshold	OVP detect	115	120	125	%
TOVPDEL	Output OVP prop delay			10		μs
	Output UN/D take threads ald	UVP detect	60	65	70	%
V _{UVP}	Output UVP trip threshold	Hysteresis		10		%
TUVPDEL	Output UVP delay			0.25		ms
T _{UVPEN}	Output UVP enable delay	Relative to soft-start time		x 1.7		
UVLO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L.			
		Wake up V _{REG5} voltage	3.5	3.8	4.1	N/
V _{UVLO}	UVLO threshold	Hysteresis V _{REG5} voltage	0.23	0.35	0.47	V

(2) Not production tested.









PIN FUNCTIONS

	PIN							
NAME NUMBER		IBER	DESCRIPTION					
PWP 14 RSA 16		RSA 16						
VO	1	16	Connect to output of converter. This terminal is used for On-Time Adjustment.					
VFB	2	1	Converter feedback input. Connect to output voltage with feedback resistor divider.					
VREG5	3	2	5.5 V power supply output. A capacitor (typical 1 $\mu F)$ should be connected to GND. VREG5 is not active when EN is low.					
SS	4	3	Soft-start control. A external capacitor should be connected to GND.					
GND	5	4	Signal ground pin.					
PG	6	5	Open drain power good output.					
EN	7	6	Enable control input. EN is active high and must be pulled up to enable the device.					
PGND1, PGND2	8, 9	7, 8	Ground returns for low-side MOSFET. Also serve as inputs of current comparators. Connect PGND and GND strongly together near the IC.					
SW1, SW2	10, 11	9, 10, 11	Switch node connection between high-side NFET and low-side NFET. Also serve as inputs to current comparators.					
VBST	12	12	Supply input for high-side NFET gate driver (boost terminal). Connect capacitor from this pin to respective SW1, SW2 terminals. An internal PN diode is connected between VREG5 to VBST pin.					
VIN1, VIN2	13, 14	13, 14, 15	Power input and connected to high side NFET drain. Supply input for 5-V internal linear regulator for the control circuitry.					
PowerPAD™ or Thermal Pad	Back side	Back side	Thermal pad of the package. Must be soldered to achieve appropriate dissipation. Should be connected to PGND.					

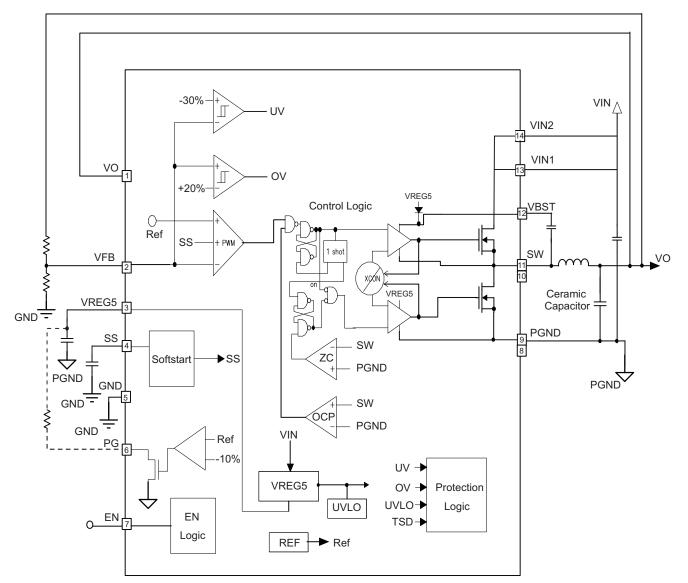
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FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



A. The block diagram shown is for the PWP 14 pin package. The QFN 16 pin package block diagram is identical except for the pin out.



OVERVIEW

The TPS54429E is a 4.5-A synchronous step-down (buck) converter with two integrated N-channel MOSFETs and auto-skip Eco-mode[™] to improve light lode efficiency. It operates using D-CAP2[™] mode control. The fast transient response of D-CAP2[™] control reduces the output capacitance required to meet a specific level of performance. Proprietary internal circuitry allows the use of low ESR output capacitors including ceramic and special polymer types.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

PWM Operation

The main control loop of the TPS54429E is an adaptive on-time pulse width modulation (PWM) controller that supports a proprietary D-CAP2[™] mode control. D-CAP2[™] mode control combines constant on-time control with an internal compensation circuit for pseudo-fixed frequency and low external component count configuration with both low ESR and ceramic output capacitors. It is stable with virtually no ripple at the output.

At the beginning of each cycle, the high-side MOSFET is turned on. The MOSFET is turned off after the internal one-shot timer expires. The one-shot timer is set by the converter input voltage, VIN, and the output voltage, VO, to maintain a pseudo-fixed frequency over the input voltage range, hence it is called adaptive on-time control. The one-shot timer is reset and the high-side MOSFET is turned on again when the feedback voltage falls below the reference voltage. An internal ramp is added to reference voltage to simulate output ripple, eliminating the need for ESR induced output ripple from D-CAP2[™] mode control.

PWM Frequency and Adaptive On-Time Control

TPS54429E uses an adaptive on-time control scheme and does not have a dedicated on board oscillator. The TPS54429E runs with a pseudo-constant frequency of 700 kHz by using the input voltage and output voltage to set the on-time one-shot timer. The on-time is inversely proportional to the input voltage and proportional to the output voltage. The actual frequency may vary from 700 kHz depending on the off time, which is ended when the fed back portion of the output voltage falls to the VFB threshold voltage.

Auto-Skip Eco-Mode[™] Control

The TPS54429E is designed with Auto-Skip Eco-modeTM to increase light load efficiency. As the output current decreases from heavy load condition, the inductor current is also reduced and eventually comes to point that its rippled valley touches zero level, which is the boundary between continuous conduction and discontinuous conduction modes. The rectifying MOSFET is turned off when its zero inductor current is detected. As the load current further decreases the converter run into discontinuous conduction mode. The on-time is kept almost the same as is was in the continuous conduction mode so that it takes longer time to discharge the output capacitor with smaller load current to the level of the reference voltage. The transition point to the light load operation $I_{OUT(LL)}$ current can be calculated in Equation 1.

$$I_{OUT(LL)} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot L \cdot fsw} \cdot \frac{\left(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}\right) \cdot V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}$$
(1)

Soft Start and Pre-Biased Soft Start

The soft start function is adjustable. When the EN pin becomes high, 2 μ A current begins charging the capacitor which is connected from the SS pin to GND. Smooth control of the output voltage is maintained during start up. The equation for the slow start time is shown in Equation 2. VFB voltage is 0.765 V and SS pin source current is 2 μ A.

$$Tss(ms) = \frac{C6(nF) \cdot Vref}{Iss(\mu A)} = \frac{C6(nF) \cdot 0.765}{2}$$
(2)



The TPS54429E contains a unique circuit to prevent current from being pulled from the output during startup if the output is pre-biased. When the soft-start commands a voltage higher than the pre-bias level (internal soft start becomes greater than feedback voltage V_{FB}), the controller slowly activates synchronous rectification by starting the first low side FET gate driver pulses with a narrow on-time. It then increments that on-time on a cycle-by-cycle basis until it coincides with the time dictated by (1-D), where D is the duty cycle of the converter. This scheme prevents the initial sinking of the pre-bias output, and ensure that the out voltage (VO) starts and ramps up smoothly into regulation and the control loop is given time to transition from pre-biased start-up to normal mode operation.

Power Good

The TPS54429E has power-good open drain output. The power good function is activated after soft start has finished. The power good function becomes active after 1.7 times soft-start time. When the output voltage is within -10% of the target value, internal comparators detect power good state and the power good signal becomes high. If the PG output is pulled up to VREG5, the resister value, which is connected between PG and VREG5, must be in the range of 20k ohm to 150k ohm. If the feedback voltage goes under 15% of the target value, the power good signal becomes low after a 5 μ s internal delay.

VREG5

VREG5 is an internally generated voltage source used by the TPS54429E. It is derived directly from the input voltage and is nominally regulated to 5.5 V when the input voltage is above 5.6 V. The output of the VREG5 regulator is the input to the internal UVLO function. VREG5 must be above the UVLO wake up threshold voltage (3.8 V typical) for the TPS54429E to function. Connect a 1.0 μ F capacitor between pin 3 of the TPS54429E and power ground for proper regulation of the VREG5 output. The VREG5 output voltage is available for external use and can typically source up to 70 mA. The VREG5 output is disabled when the TPS54429E EN pin is open or pulled low.

Output Discharge Control

TPS54429E discharges the output when EN is low, or the controller is turned off by the protection functions (OVP, UVP, UVLO and thermal shutdown). The output is discharged by an internal 50- Ω MOSFET which is connected from VO to PGND. The internal low-side MOSFET is not turned on during the output discharge operation to avoid the possibility of causing negative voltage at the output.

Current Protection

The output overcurrent protection (OCP) is implemented using a cycle-by-cycle valley detect control circuit. The switch current is monitored by measuring the low-side FET switch voltage between the SW pin and GND. This voltage is proportional to the switch current. To improve accuracy, the voltage sensing is temperature compensated.

During the on-time of the high-side FET switch, the switch current increases at a linear rate determined by V_{IN} , V_{OUT} , the on-time, and the output inductor value. During the on-time of the low-side FET switch, this current decreases linearly. The average value of the switch current is the load current I_{OUT} . If the measured voltage is above the voltage proportional to the current limit, the device constantly monitors the low-side FET switch voltage, which is proportional to the switch current, during the low-side on-time. The converter maintains the low-side switch on until the measured voltage is below the voltage corresponding to the current limit at which time the switching cycle is terminated and a new switching cycle begins. In subsequent switching cycles, the on-time is set to a fixed value and the current is monitored in the same manner.

There are some important considerations for this type of overcurrent protection. The load current one half of the peak-to-peak inductor current higher than the overcurrent threshold. Also when the current is being limited, the output voltage tends to fall as the demanded load current may be higher than the current available from the converter. This may cause the output under-voltage protection circuit to be activated. When the overcurrent condition is removed, the output voltage will return to the regulated value. This protection is non-latching.



Over/Under Voltage Protection

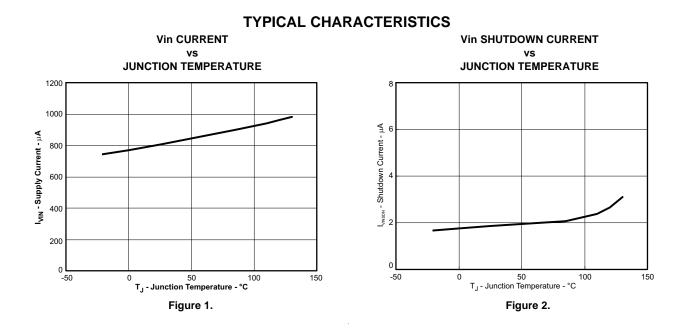
The TPS54429E detects over and undervoltage conditions by monitoring the feedback voltage (VFB). This function is enabled after approximately 1.7 times the soft-start time. When the feedback voltage becomes higher than 120% of the target voltage, the OVP comparator output goes high and the circuit latches the high-side MOSFET driver turns off and the low-side MOSFET turns on. When the feedback voltage becomes lower than 65% of the target voltage, the UVP comparator output goes high and an internal UVP delay counter begins. After 250 µs, the device latches off both internal top and bottom MOSFET.

UVLO Protection

Undervoltage lock out protection (UVLO) monitors the voltage of the V_{REG5} pin. When the V_{REG5} voltage is lower than UVLO threshold voltage, the TPS54429E is shut off. This is protection is non-latching.

Thermal Shutdown

Thermal protection is self-activating. If the junction temperature exceeds the threshold value (typically 165°C), the TPS54429E shuts off. This protection is non-latching.



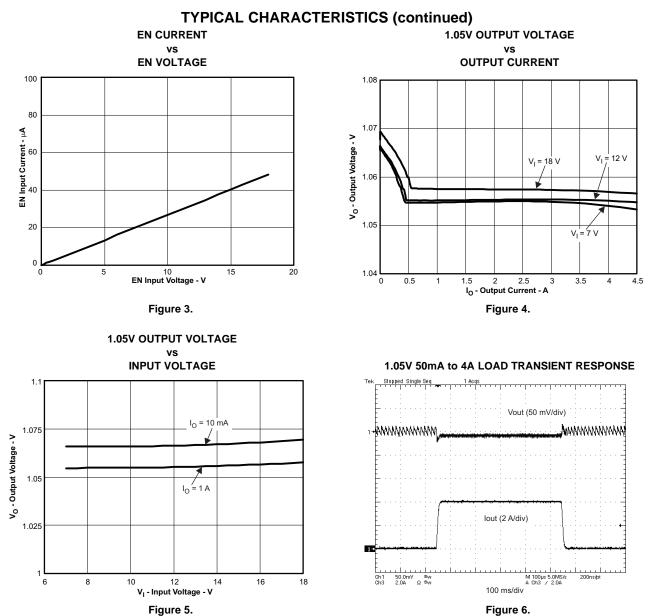
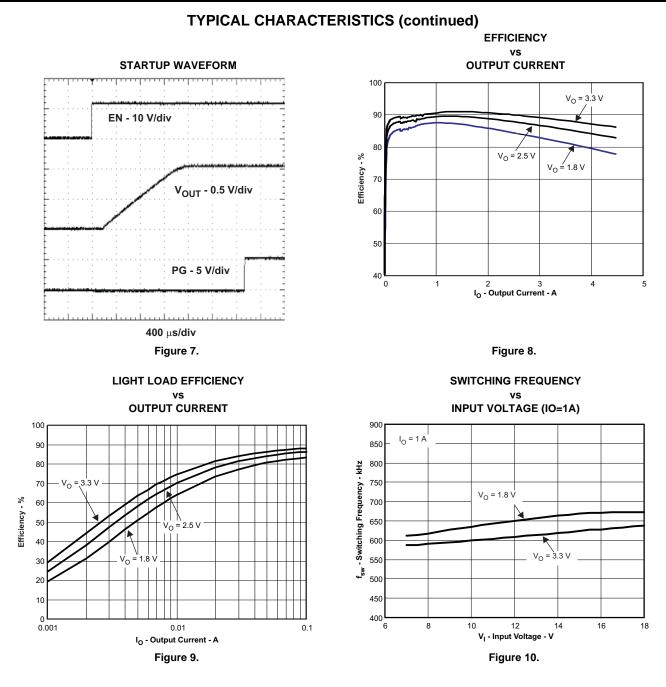


Figure 6.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued) SWITCHING FREQUENCY vs **OUTPUT CURRENT** VOLTAGE RIPPLE AT OUTPUT (IO=4A) 800 Stopped Single Seq 1 Acqs V₁ = 12 V V_O = 1.8 V 700 V_O = 10 mV/div (DC coupled) 1111 - kHz 600 V_O = 2.5 - Switching Frequency 500 400 SW = 5 V/div 300 <mark>چ</mark> 200 100 0 1.6ns/pt Ch1 10.0mV Ω Bw 0.01 0.1 10 Ch2 5.0V Βw M 400ns 625MS/s A Ch2 / 2.3V I_O - Output Current - A t - Time = 400 ns/div Figure 11. Figure 12. VOLTAGE RIPPLE AT INPUT (IO=4A) Stopped Single Seq 1 Acqs V_I = 50 mV/div (AC coupled) SW = 5 V/div ÷

> z 5.07 Bw M 400ns 625MS/s A Ch2 / 2.37 t - Time = 400 ns/div Figure 13.

1.6ns/pt

Ch1

50.0mV % Bw

Ch2



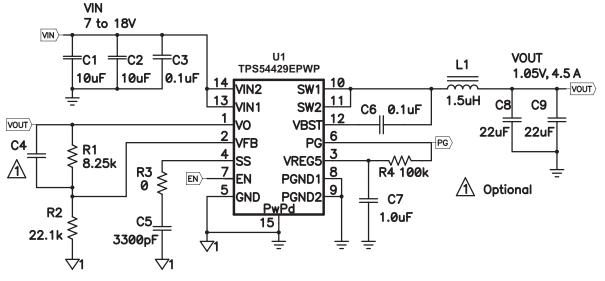


DESIGN GUIDE

Step By Step Design Procedure

To begin the design process, you must know a few application parameters:

- Input voltage range
- Output voltage
- Output current
- Output voltage ripple
- Input voltage ripple





Output Voltage Resistors Selection

The output voltage is set with a resistor divider from the output node to the VFB pin. It is recommended to use 1% tolerance or better divider resistors. Start by using Equation 3 and Equation 4 to calculate V_{OUT}

To improve efficiency at very light loads consider using larger value resistors, too high of resistance will be more susceptible to noise and voltage errors from the VFB input current will be more noticeable

For output voltage from 0.76 V to 2.5 V:

$$V_{OUT} = 0.765 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \tag{3}$$

For output voltage over 2.5 V:

$$V_{OUT} = (0.763 + 0.0017 \bullet V_{OUT_SET}) \bullet \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$
(4)

Where:

V_{OUT SET} = Target V_{OUT} voltage

Output Filter Selection

The output filter used with the TPS54429E is an LC circuit. This LC filter has double pole at:

$$F_P = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{L_{OUT} \times C_{OUT}}}$$
(5)

5)

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At low frequencies, the overall loop gain is set by the output set-point resistor divider network and the internal gain of the TPS54429E. The low frequency phase is 180 degrees. At the output filter pole frequency, the gain rolls off at a -40 dB per decade rate and the phase drops rapidly. D-CAP2[™] introduces a high frequency zero that reduces the gain roll off to -20 dB per decade and increases the phase to 90 degrees one decade above the zero frequency. The inductor and capacitor selected for the output filter must be selected so that the double pole of Equation 5 is located below the high frequency zero but close enough that the phase boost provided be the high frequency zero provides adequate phase margin for a stable circuit. To meet this requirement use the values recommended in Table 1

Output Voltage (V)	R1 (k Ω)	R2 (k Ω)	C4 (pF) ⁽¹⁾	L1 (µH)	C8 + C9 (µF)
1	6.81	22.1		1.5	22 - 68
1.05	8.25	22.1		1.5	22 - 68
1.2	12.7	22.1		1.5	22 - 68
1.5	23.2	22.1		1.5	22 - 68
1.8	30.1	22.1	10 - 22	2.2	22 - 68
2.5	49.9	22.1	10 - 22	2.2	22 - 68
3.3	73.2	22.1	10 - 22	2.2	22 - 68
5	121	22.1	10 - 22	3.3	22 - 68

(1) Optional

For higher output voltages at or above 1.8 V, additional phase boost can be achieved by adding a feed forward capacitor (C4) in parallel with R1.

The inductor peak-to-peak ripple current, peak current and RMS current are calculated using Equation 6, Equation 7 and Equation 8. The inductor saturation current rating must be greater than the calculated peak current and the RMS or heating current rating must be greater than the calculated RMS current. Use 700 kHz for f_{SW} .

$$Ilp - p = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(max)}} \bullet \frac{V_{IN(max)} - V_{OUT}}{L_O \bullet f_{SW}}$$
(6)

$$I_{lpeak} = I_{O} + \frac{Ilp - p}{2}$$

$$I_{o} = \sqrt{I_{o}^{2} + \frac{1}{2} Ilp - p^{2}}$$
(7)

$$I_{Lo(RMS)} = \sqrt{I_o^2 + \frac{1}{12} Ilp - p^2}$$
(8)

For this design example, the calculated peak current is 4.97A and the calculated RMS current is 4.508 A. The inductor used is a TDK SPM6530-1R5M100 with a peak current rating of 11.5 A and an RMS current rating of 11 A.

The capacitor value and ESR determines the amount of output voltage ripple. The TPS54429E is intended for use with ceramic or other low ESR capacitors. Recommended values range from 22uF to 68uF. Use Equation 9 to determine the required RMS current rating for the output capacitor

$$I_{CO(RMS)} = \frac{V_{OUT} \bullet (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{\sqrt{12} \bullet V_{IN} \bullet L_O \bullet f_{SW}}$$
⁽⁹⁾

For this design two TDK C3216X5R0J226M 22uF output capacitors are used. The typical ESR is 2 m Ω each. The calculated RMS current is .271A and each output capacitor is rated for 4A.

Input Capacitor Selection

The TPS54429E requires an input decoupling capacitor and a bulk capacitor is needed depending on the application. A ceramic capacitor over 10 μ F is recommended for the decoupling capacitor. An additional 0.1 μ F capacitor from pin 14 to ground is recommended to improve the stability of the over-current limit function. The capacitor voltage rating needs to be greater than the maximum input voltage.



Bootstrap Capacitor Selection

A 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VBST to SW pin for proper operation. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor.

VREG5 Capacitor Selection

A 1.0 μ F ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VREG5 to GND pin for proper operation. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor.

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPad[™] package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD[™] package and how to use the advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD[™] Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD[™] Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

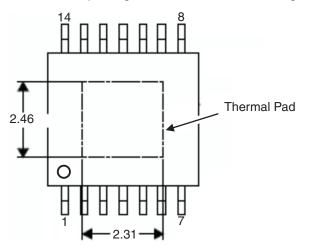


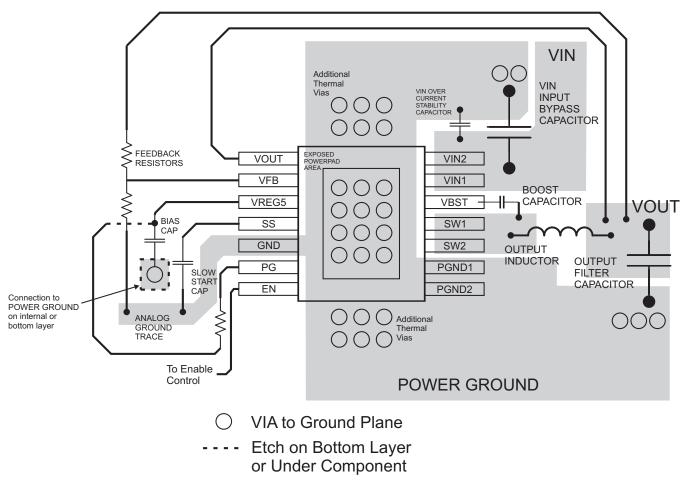
Figure 15. Thermal Pad Dimensions

TPS54429E

SLVSAS0-FEBRUARY 2011

LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

- 1. Keep the input switching current loop as small as possible.
- 2. Keep the SW node as physically small and short as possible to minimize parasitic capacitance and inductance and to minimize radiated emissions. Kelvin connections should be brought from the output to the feedback pin of the device.
- 3. Keep analog and non-switching components away from switching components.
- 4. Make a single point connection from the signal ground to power ground.
- 5. Do not allow switching current to flow under the device.
- 6. Keep the pattern lines for VIN and PGND broad.
- 7. Exposed pad of device must be connected to PGND with solder.
- 8. VREG5 capacitor should be placed near the device, and connected PGND.
- 9. Output capacitor should be connected to a broad pattern of the PGND.
- 10. Voltage feedback loop should be as short as possible, and preferably with ground shield.
- 11. Lower resistor of the voltage divider which is connected to the VFB pin should be tied to SGND.
- 12. Providing sufficient via is preferable for VIN, SW and PGND connection.
- 13. PCB pattern for VIN, SW, and PGND should be as broad as possible.
- 14. VIN Capacitor should be placed as near as possible to the device.





Texas

INSTRUMENTS



11-Apr-2013

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	•	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)		(3)		(4)	
TPS54429EPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 85	54429E	Samples
TPS54429EPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 85	54429E	Samples
TPS54429ERSAR	ACTIVE	QFN	RSA	16	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 85	TPS 54429E	Samples
TPS54429ERSAT	ACTIVE	QFN	RSA	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 85	TPS 54429E	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

11-Apr-2013

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

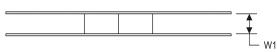
www.ti.com

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS





TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

*All dimensions are nominal	dimensions are nominal													
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant		
TPS54429EPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1		
TPS54429EPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1		
TPS54429ERSAR	QFN	RSA	16	3000	330.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2		
TPS54429ERSAT	QFN	RSA	16	250	180.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2		

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

14-Jul-2012



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS54429EPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS54429EPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS54429ERSAR	QFN	RSA	16	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS54429ERSAT	QFN	RSA	16	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

PWP (R-PDSO-G14)

PowerPAD[™] PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



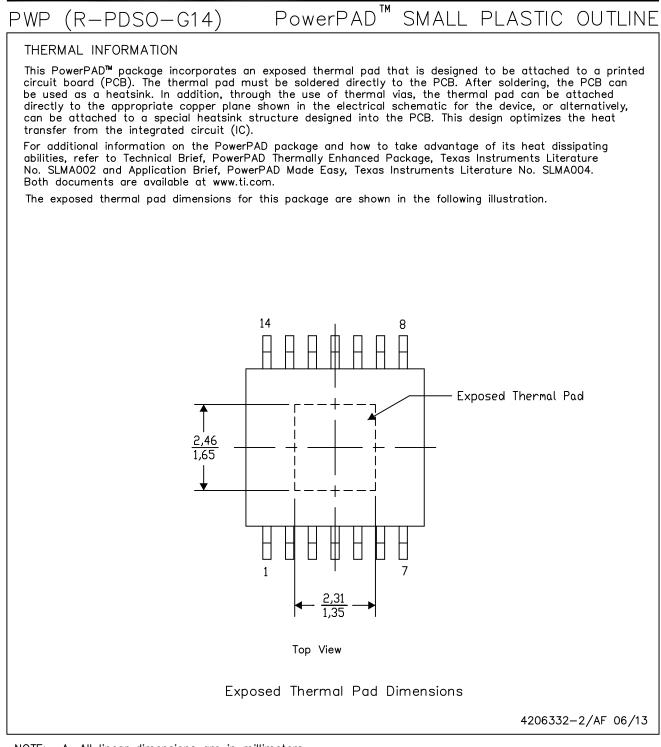
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- This drawing is subject to change without notice. Β.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad
- Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.

E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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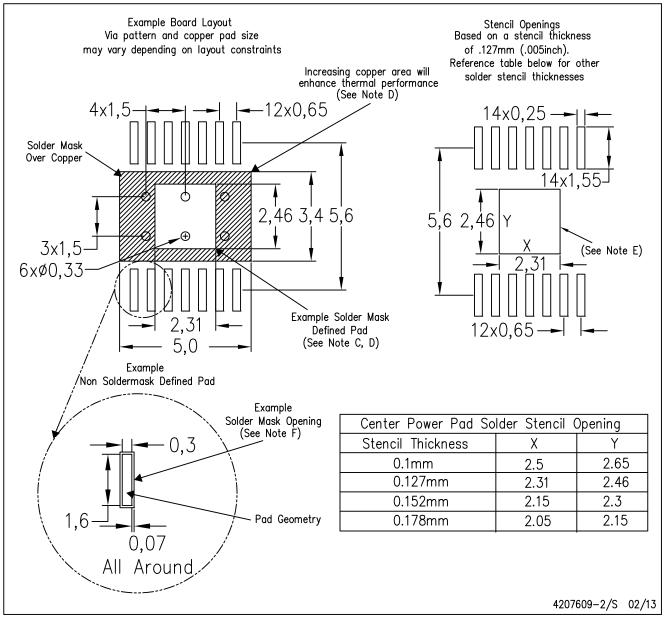
NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments



PWP (R-PDSO-G14)

PowerPAD[™] PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002, SLMA004, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS www.ti.com

PowerPAD[™] SMALL PLASTIC OUTLINE PWP (R-PDSO-G14) THERMAL INFORMATION This PowerPAD[™] package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC). For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com. The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration. 14 8 0,05 MAX. /B 0,35 MAX ŧ ,46 1,80 MAX. 1.86 ¥ Exposed Thermal Pad 7 1 Top View Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206332-44/AF 06/13

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters <u>A</u> Exposed tie strap features may not be present.

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments



MECHANICAL DATA



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Quad Flatpack, No-leads (QFN) package configuration.
- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- F. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.



RSA (S-PVQFN-N16) PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD THERMAL INFORMATION This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC). For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com. The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration. PIN 1 INDICATOR C 0,30 Exposed Thermal Pad 16 5 2.70 ± 0.10 8 13 12 2,70±0,10 → Bottom View Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions 4206364/N 07/13

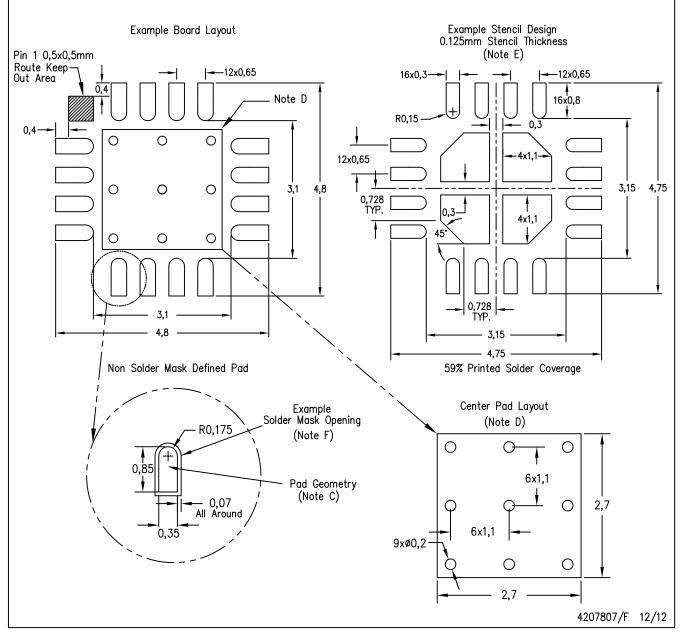
NOTES:

A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters



RSA (S-PVQFN-N16)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, QFN Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances.



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